



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/765,749	01/27/2004	Bernard Kucinski	0017567_3CON3	1092
9355	7590 08/25/2004		EXAMINER	
ALLEN, DYER, DOPPELT, MILBRATH & GILCHRIST, PA P.O. BOX 3791			HARRIS, CHANDA L	
	FL 32802-3791		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3714	
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/25/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				70		
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/765,749	KUCINSKI ET AL.			
Office Action Summar	<b>y</b>	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Chanda L. Harris	3714			
The MAILING DATE of this com Period for Reply	munication appe	ars on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres.	S		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIC THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMM  - Extensions of time may be available under the pro after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this  - If the period for reply specified above, the maxin  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxin  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three m earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.70	MUNICATION.  visions of 37 CFR 1.136: communication.  hirty (30) days, a reply whom statutory period will r reply will, by statute, conths after the mailing d	(a). In no event, however, may a r within the statutory minimum of thir apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this commur  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	iication.		
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(	s) filed on <u>1/27/0</u> 4	<u>4, 7/13/04</u> .				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This a	ction is non-final.				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to r  Application Papers	is/are withdrawr					
9) The specification is objected to	-					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is						
Applicant may not request that any	•	-, ,	• •	404(-1)		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) incl 11) The oath or declaration is objec	=	•	· ·			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a calcal All b) Some * c) None  1. Certified copies of the price of the price of the certified copies of the price of the price of the certified copies of the price of the certified copies of the price of the certified copies of the cer	of: ority documents ority documents pies of the priorit national Bureau	have been received. have been received in A y documents have been (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National Stag	l <b>e</b>		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	inu (PTO 046)		Summary (PTO-413)			
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/13/04.</li> </ul>			s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	)		

Art Unit: 3714

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Specification

- 1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
  - Pages 12, 16, 16,19, and 22: There are missing letters in the headings on these pages.
  - Page 1, line 5: "copending" should be deleted.
     Appropriate correction is required.
- 2. The use of the trademarks FILENET, DEC-ALPHA, and ORACLE have been noted in this application. Applicant is required to review the specification for any other instances of trademarks and make the appropriate corrections. They should be capitalized wherever they appear and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

٦٠ سر

Art Unit: 3714

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

# Claims 1-8, 13-14, and 17-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Poor (US 5,672,060).

- 1. [Claims 1, 17]: Regarding Claims 1 and 17, Poor discloses viewing a first visual image of a first portion of an answer page, the first portion comprising an answer space in which an answer to an open-ended question (i.e., nonobjective assessment material) is expected to reside. See Col.5: 45-57. Poor discloses if the first portion of the answer page contains a complete answer, electronically scoring the answer (i.e., record judgments). Poor discloses if the first portion of the answer page does not encompass a complete answer, accessing and viewing a second visual image of a second portion of the answer page (i.e., by scrolling), the second portion comprising a sector of the answer page outside the answer space, and electronically scoring the answer. See Col.9: 6-12.
- 2. [Claim 2]: Regarding Claim 2, Poor discloses wherein the viewing step comprises receiving the first and second visual image through a processor (i.e., computer) onto a display device (i.e., computer monitor). See Col.9: 6-12.

Art Unit: 3714

- 3. [Claim 3]: Regarding Claim 3, Poor discloses entering an electronic scoring system; requesting to view an answer to score; and receiving the first visual image from a queue comprising a plurality of answer images. See Col.9: 14-24.
- 4. [Claims 4, 20-21]: Regarding Claims 4 and 20-21, Poor discloses wherein the electronically scoring step comprises selecting a numerical score for the answer from a score sector (i.e., window in which judgments can be displayed); wherein the scoring protocol comprises a numerical score range for answers to the test question; and wherein the first visual image comprises a score selection element, and the formatting step comprises including the score selection element as displayed by the display protocol. See Col.9: 16-19.
- 5. [Claims 5, 22-23]: Regarding Claims 5 and 22-23, Poor discloses wherein the score sector comprises a score button bar (i.e., key) displayed on a common display with the first visual image; wherein the score selection element comprises a score button bar; and wherein the first display screen further comprises a score selection element. See Col.9: 16-19.
- 6. [Claims 6-8, 24-25]: Regarding Claims 6-8 and 24-25, Poor discloses if the first and the second visual image do not encompass a complete answer, of repeating the accessing and viewing steps until substantially the entire answer page is viewed and wherein, if the entire answer page does not encompass a complete answer, viewing a first visual image of a second answer page to search for a complete answer. Poor discloses wherein the viewing steps comprise receiving the first and second visual image through a processor onto a display device, and the accessing step comprises

Art Unit: 3714

electronically manipulating a scroll bar on the display device. See Col.9: 6-12. The part of the screen in Poor wherein the user views the completion of answer by scrolling in Poor is considered by Examiner to be a second answer page.

- 7. [Claims 13-14]: Regarding Claims 13 and 14, Poor discloses wherein the answer comprises a calibration answer (i.e., validity item), and further comprising the steps of receiving a score and comparing the received score with a target score (e.g., 80% correct scoring) and calculating a reader effectiveness from the comparing step (i.e., 80% correct scoring). See Col.9: 48-57.
- 8. [Claim 18]: Regarding Claim 18, Poor discloses determining a batch comprising a plurality of answers to be scored, the plurality of answers comprising a plurality of answers to be scored, the plurality of answers comprising answers to a unitary test question; fetching answer page images corresponding to the determined batch from a storage device; and holding the fetched answer page images in a cache. See Col.8: 53-Col.9: 5. It is Examiner's position that the answers in Poor are capable of being answers to a unitary test question.
- 9. [Claim 19]: Regarding Claim 19, it is Examiner's position that Poor's invention is capable of prior to the formatting and transmitting steps, of retrieving a scoring (e.g., manuals describing specific instructions for grading the assessment items in a particular project) and a display protocol for answers to the test question. See Col.9: 6-12 and Col.10: 22-25.

Art Unit: 3714

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 9 and 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poor in view of Clark et al. (US 5,321,611).

- 1. [Claim 9]: Regarding Claim 9, Poor does not disclose expressly if a question (i.e., discrepancy) occurs during the scoring step, electronically transmitting a query (i.e., test item) to a supervisor (i.e., a third resolver). However, Clark teaches such in Col.7: 38-
- 41. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate electronically transmitting a query to a supervisor if a question occurs during a scoring step into the method and system of Poor, in light of the teaching of Clark, in order to resolve a discrepancy.
- 2. [Claims 15-16]: Regarding Claims 15 and 16, Poor does not disclose expressly the steps of calculating a time span between a first visual image viewing step and the scoring step, and comparing the time span with a target scoring time (i.e., goal) or the step of calculating a reader efficiency from the time-span comparing step. However, Clark teaches such in Col.8: 36-42, 49-52. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the

Art Unit: 3714

aforementioned limitations into the method and system of Clark, in light of the teaching of Poor, in order to track a resolver's performance.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poor in view of Walker et al. (US 6,093,026).

[Claim 10]: Regarding Claim 10, Poor does not disclose expressly wherein the answer comprises an answer in verbal form (i.e., audio input free form response). However, Walker teaches such in Col.5: 26-29. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate an answer in verbal form into the method and system of Poor, in light of the teaching of Walker, in order to provide an alternative for inputting a free form response.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poor in view of Martinez (US 5,211,564).

[Claim 11]: Regarding Claim 11, Poor does not disclose expressly wherein the answer comprises a geometric diagram. However, Martinez teaches such (e.g., line) in Col.5: 21-24. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a geometric diagram into the method and system of Poor, in light of the teaching of Martinez, in order to enable a figural response to a test item.

Art Unit: 3714

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poor/Martinez as applied to claim 11 above, and further in view of Bier et al. (US 5,581,670).

[Claim 12]: Regarding Claim 12, Poor/Martinez does not disclose expressly the step of accessing an electronically manipulable display of a geometric tool (i.e., click-through button tool that measures geometric properties) for assessing the geometric item.

However, Bier teaches such in Col.20: 22-34. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious tone of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate an electronically manipulable tool into the method and system of Poor/Martinez, in light of the teaching of Bier, in order to measure geometric properties.

Application/Control Number: 10/765,749 Page 9

Art Unit: 3714

#### Citation of Pertinent Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Romano et al. (US 5,991,595)
   -scoring of constructed responses
- Silver (US 5,584,699)
   -geometric figures
- Trenholm et al. (US 6,120,299) -scoring mode
- Poor (US 6,466,683)
   -scoring for open-ended assessments
- Knowles et al. (US 6,751,351)
   -response verification system
- Lee et al. (US 5,267,865)
   -verbal answer and message to supervisor
- Buxton et al. (US 5,798,752)
   -simultaneously movable tools
- Hashimoto et al. (US 5,410,494)
   -measuring objects of a figure
- Bardon et al. (US 6,657,642)
   -electronically manipulable tools

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chanda L. Harris whose telephone number is 703-308-8358. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30am-4:00pm.

Art Unit: 3714

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Hughes can be reached on 703-308-1806. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chanda X. Harris Chanda L. Harris

Examiner

Art Unit 3714

ch.